



11 Publication number:

0 519 144 A1

**②** 

## **EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION**

(1) Application number: 91500066.5

(1) Int. Cl.5: A61K 9/54, A61K 31/44

2 Date of filing: 21.06.91

Date of publication of application:23.12.92 Bulletin 92/52

Designated Contracting States:
 AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IT LI LU NL SE

② Applicant: ILSAN ILAC VE HAMMADDELERI SANAYI A.S. Kore Sehitleri Cad. No. 40 T-80300 Zincirlikuyu, Istambul(TR)

2 Inventor: Tanberk, Ergin

Kalamis Fener Cd. Yelken Ap. 86/39

Istambul(TR)

Inventor: Memecan, Melih Bagdat Cd. Tanyeri, Ap. 421/6

Suadiye-Istambul(TR) Inventor: Güngör, Ülkü

Hülya Sk. 19/1.

06700 Gaziosmanpasa, Istambul(TR)

Inventor: Gül, Handan

Semsettin Günaltay Cd. Safak SK 1/7 Erenköy-Istambul(TR) Inventor: Moralloglu, Mehmet Beylerbeyi Cd. No. 8 Kuzguncuk

Istambul(TR)

Representative: Alonso Langle, Emillo Naciones, 12, 3 piso B E-28006 Madrid(ES)

Mew galenic process for omeprazole containing pellets.

A production method for pellets containing Omeprazole performed with an inert core based on sacarose, starch and glucose, said core covered with the micronized and sieved active substance which is in a buffered dispersion, being added with an anionic surface active agent, in order to finally receive an enteric covering in a fluidized bed with HPMC phylate, diethyl phylate, aceton and etheyl alcohol being afterwards dried to obtain a water content of less than 1%, sleved, weighted and capsulated.

A new production method for enteric coated pellets containing Omeprazole which is coated on an inert core in the form of pH buffered dispersion phase.

#### Field of inv ntion:

10

15

20

35

40

50

55

The present invention is related to a new production method of a stable preparation containing Omeprazole for oral administration.

# Description of Invention:

Omeprazole is a potent inhibitor of gastric acid secretion. Omeprazole is a pyridine benzimidazol derivative with the following total formula  $C_{17}$   $H_{19}$   $N_3$   $O_3$  S and a molecular weight of 354.4.

Structure formula:

Omeprazole (1) is readily degradable in acidic environments, pH less than 7. Stability profile of 1 is almost the same in solid phase, and is also affected by moisture and organic solvents. The reason why oral dosage forms of Omeprazole have to be formulated as enteric coated dosage form is to protect it from acidic gastric juice. (Ref.US Patent 4,786,505 Nov 22, 1988) Enteric coated pellets of Omeprazol should reasonably withstand the gastric juice but it must be dissolved rapidly in the small intestine to obtain areasonable bioavailability of course, the effect. Several coating met-hods and materials have been used to comply the above mentioned prerequisi-tes of Omeprazole (UK Patent GB 21 89 698).

In this patent application a new process for the preparation of aorally used hard gelatin capsule containing enteric coated Omeprazole pellets is described.

This new enteric coated pellet production process consists of the following four steps.

I.Preparation of inert core by conventional pan coating method.

II.Active coating by using rotary type fluidized bed.

III. Protective coating by using rotary type fluidized bed.

IV Enteric coating by using rotary type fluidized bed.

I.The contents of inert core are as following

Saccorose 65-85%

Corn Starch 15-25%

Glucose 2-6%

Particle size distrubution range is arranged to be 90% within 0.71 mm. to ,0.85 mm. (in diameter) by suitable sieving. These inert pellets can also be obtained commercially.

II.To obtain a rapid dispersion active (Omeprazoe) substance is micronized and sieved through 150 mesh sieves.

The active substance sieved is dispersed in a buffered aqueus dispersion, at pH 7.1 ± 0.1, of a macromolecular binding agent. A anionic surface active agent (Sodium Lauryl Sulphate) is added to the aqueus phase to increase the wettability and smooth dispersion of Omeorazole.

The aqueus dispersion is sprayed on to the lnert pellets in the cabin of a rotary type fluidized bed machine under appropriate process parameters.

The content of active dispersion phase for one dose (one capsule) is as following.

Omeprazole 20 mg.

Hydroxypropil methyl cellulose 5.3 mg.

Lactose anhydrous 8 mg.

#### EP 0 519 144 A1

L-Hydroxy proply-cellulose 6 mg. Sodium lauryl sulphate 0.5mg. Disodium hydrogen phosphate dihydrate 0.8 mg. Water 0.21 ml.

III.Active coated pellets have to be protected from the organic solvent which is normally used to disperse or dissolve the enteric coating material.

The thickness of thts layer is experimentally determined to obtain an optimal protection during the enteric coating processes and the necessary amount of coting material per capsule (one dose) for above mentioned active coated pellets (% 100 passes through 15 mesh sieves) has been determined as following.

HPMC 3.4 mg.

Water 0.06 ml.

Aqueus molecular dispersion of HPMC is sprayed under appropriate process parameters on to the active coated pellets in the cabine of a rotary type fludized bed machine and dried until the water content of the pellets is less than 1% when determined by the toluen distillation method described in USP XXII.

IV.Enteric coating is performed in the same machine using appropriate process parameters by spraying the following coating solution.

HPMC phytalate 24 mg.
Diethyl phytalate 0.13 mg.

Aceton 225 mg.(... ml)

Ethyl alcohol 96 mg.(... ml)

Finished product is sieved through 15 mesh and 20 mesh sieves. Pellets which pass through 15 mesh and are retained on 20 mesh sieves, are filled to gelatin capsules. Capsule contents are 233 mg ± 10%.

#### II.Protective coating phase:

Machine: Glatt GPCG 60 with GRG 30

Active coated pellets: 25 kg ± 0.4 Spray nozzle: 2 x 1.8 mn
Nozzle position: Tangential

Filter type: PB2 (2% of cotton wod)

35 Sieve type: Rotor Disc.

30

Inlet air Temperature: 50-60°C Inlet Air Rate: 700-800 m³/h Pumping rate: 20 rpm Slit width: 2 mm

40 Rotor Speed: 300 rpm

### III.Enteric coating Phase

Machine: Glatt GPCG 60 with GRG 30

Spray nozzle: 2 x 1.8 mm Nozzle position: Tangential

Filter type: PB2

Sieve type: Rotor Disc

Air inlet temperature: 40-50°

Air outlet temperature: 32-36°

Pumping rate: 55 rpm

Air inlet rate: 800-1000m³/h

Rotor disk rate: 400-600 rpm

# Claims

55

1. A production method for pellets containing Omeprazole, being the pellet finally contained into a gelatin

## EP 0 519 144 A1

capsule, characterized in that the process is performed to obtain an inert core covered with the micronized active substance, to be also enteric coated and dried after the adjusting of its granulometry, being in this way ready to be produced as capsules.

- A production method of pellets containing Omeprazole according to the previous claim, characterized in that the inert nucleous includes a 65-85% of sacarose, 15-25% of starch and 2-68% of glucose, said nucleous being obtained by conventional means and being sieved through a mesh within 0.71 and 0.85 mm.
- 3. A production method according to the first claim, characterized in that the active substance is micronized and sieved through a 150 mesh to be dispersed in a buffered aqueus dispersion at pH 7.1 ± 1% with the adition of an anionic surface active agent, as for example sodium lauril sulphate.
- 4. A production method according to the first claim, characterized in that the active substance comprising Omeprazole, hydroxil methyl cellulose, lactose anhydrous, L-hydroxy popyl-cellulose, sodium lauril sulphate, disodium hydrogen phosphate dihydrate and water is sprayed onto the inert pellets in the cabin of a rotary type fluidized bed machine.
- 5. A production method according to the first claim, characterized in that the enteric cover in produced in a fluidized bed with HPMC phytalate, diethyl phytalate, aceton and ethyl alcohol being afterwards dried to obtain a water content of less than 1%.

25

30

35

40

50

55



# EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 91 50 0066

Category	Citation of document with indication, where appeared frequent passages	reprints, Reizi	
r, D	CB-A-2 189 698 (ARTIEBOLAGET HASSLE)  page 1, line 6 - line 8 "  page 2, line 25 - page 3, line 37 "  page 5 - page 6; example 2 "  page 6 - page 7; example 5 "	1,3-5	A61K9/54 A61K31/44
<b>r</b>	0E-A-3 901 151 (HOECHST A.G.)  page 13; example 11 *	1,3-5	
`	EP-A-0 256 933 (ETHYPHARM)  o page 2, line 61 - page 3, line 4 o	2	
	EP-A-0 237 506 (LEJUS MEDICAL ANTIEBO)  page 2, line 37 - line 43 °  page 3, line 13 - line 15 °  page 4; example 1 °	.AG) 1-5	
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. C.9)
			A51K
		-	
	The present search report has been drawn up for all		<u> </u>
	· ·	RUARY 1992	BOULOIS D.

Δ : somber of the same patent family, corresponding document

CONT. LCDS CO. CO. CPCCO